- Day 1 1. The west was full of promise for women.
 - 2. "I felt a secret joy" an Oregon pioneer woman declared "in being able to have the power to set things going."
- Day 2 1. Many women yearned to throw off the conventions of society and simply be theirselves.
 - 2. A pioneer woman wrote, "I enjoyed riding horses wearing divided skirts.
- Day 3 1. The pioneers hardships were real awesome dust storms, blizzards, droughts, illness, and dawn-to-dark labor in home and field.
 - 2. For women there was the added responsibilities of bearing and raising children.

- Day 4 1. By the way pioneer women begun setting up schools, libraries, and discussion groups as soon as they arrived.
 - 2. In Nebraska, a schoolmaam had to show good moral character before she could receive her teaching certificate.

- Day 5
 1. Pioneer women knew there were many opportunities in a variety of exciting fields. Because of the amazing growth of frontier towns.
 - 2. Few women were idol many became: shopkeepers, barbers, photographers, pawnbrokers, and teachers.

- Day 1 1. In his short story The Open Boat, Stephen Crane he told the true story of how him and his companions were shipwrecked.
 - 2. The characters included Crane, the correspondent, Billie, the oiler, and the unnamed cook.
- Day 2 1. The commodore was wrecked off the coast of Cuba when it was attacked by Cuban revolutionaries for it's cargo.
 - 2. Because the captain was bad injured, each of the other sailors had to work hard at their tasks.
- Day 3 1. When the ship sank, Crane and his companions escape on a ten foot dinghy.
 - 2. What an exciting adventure Crane and the other had.
- Day 4 1. The desperate men especially the oiler and the correspondent moved quick as they bailed water from the little boat.
 - 2. It would've been a shame if the men hadn't survived!

- Day 5 1. Crane published his account of the experience in the New York Press on Monday, January 4 1897.
 - 2. "The Open Boat" commented on life, and it talked about nature, and it dealt with the individual.

- Day 1 1. The Sun Also Rises, a novel, describe Ernest Hemingway's experiences in world war I.
 - 2. In Hemingway's short story In Another Country, they have powerful descriptions of being hospitalized in Italy.
- Day 2 1. Because Ernest Hemingway thirsted for adventure. He traveled to foreign places around the world, He enjoyed hunting big game in Africa and went skiing in Idaho.
 - 2. Years of physical activity made him a strong healthy person.
- Day 3 1. In the 1950s, Hemingway was more famous than any writer.
 - 2. Neither my sister or my brother has read any of Hemingway's books but my friend has read three of his novels.
- Day 4 1. Most of the time Hemingway's heros are stoic, but at times they show strong emotions.
 - 2. Hemingway's characters show strength, because they shrug off the physical and the mental wounds they carry.

- Day 5 1. Hemingway's stories are about nice characters who have good adventures.
 - 2. Whose your favorite Hemingway character.

- Day 1 1. Francis Scott key Fitzgerald published under the name F Scott Fitzgerald not F. S. K. Fitzgerald.
 - 2. Fitzgerald and Zelda his wife appeared to have the most perfect marriage.
- Day 2 1. One night at a party, Fitzgerald threw hundreds of dollars into a fountain in less then three hours.
 - 2. These extravagant parties which lasted for days made it nearly impossible for Fitzgerald to fully concentrate on his writing.
- Day 3 1. Fitzgerald's 1925 novel of a man who's dreams of power lead to scandals were a huge success.
 - 2. This here novel, The Great Gatsby, became a instant best-seller and a symbol of the 1920s.
- Day 4 1. Fitzgerald once said the rich are different than you and I.
 - 2. By the end of his life, Fitzgerald had lost almost all his money. This was unfortunate.

- Day 5 1. Fitzgerald asked his friends in the movie industry if any of them could help him get work writing films?
 - 2. Several nieghbors who still remember Fitzgerald lives in Hollywood.

- Day 1 1. The Roaring twenties were a peculiar period in history. Sharp contrasts between conformity and rebellion.
 - 2. Despite the fact that there were major labor strikes many Americans paid little attention to the country's horrible conditions.
- Day 2 1. When the "Jazz Age" begun, there were prosperity, because prices and taxes were low.
 - 2. The average American family could afford an automobile. In fact more than 23,000,000 people driving by 1929.
- Day 3 1. Three of today's major periodicals first appeared in the twenties Reader's Digest, Time, and The New Yorker.
 - 2. Tabloid newspapers flourished and were characterized by many photographs, little news material, and they focused on much violence.
- Day 4 1. During the 1920's Kern and Hammerstein, they knew they could create a wonderful musical for Broadway.
 - 2. In fact, they went on to create the musical classic Show boat in 1927.

- Day 5 1. October 1929 marked the end of the jazz age and the beginning of the great depression.
 - 2. Playwrite Marc Connelly described what was happening with these words: "Everything nailed down is coming loose".

- Day 1 1. Richard Wright is like the most famous African American novelist of the thirties.
 - 2. Native Son, a novel, catapulted Wright to International fame.
- Day 2 1. Richard Wright's family was so poor that they couldn't scarcely provide enough food for him, when he was a child.
 - 2. A jack-of-all-trades, Wright supported hisself by working in an optical company a cafeteria and a post office.
- Day 3 1. Author Richard Wright found that he could'nt overcame racial prejudice in the United States.
 - 2. In 1947 he immigrated from America to France.
- Day 4 1. Everyone has their favorite American novel but many readers admire Wright's novel Native Son.
 - 2. Its a book about a young man caught up by forces beyond their control and understanding.

- Day 5 1. In his autobiography <u>Black Boy</u> Richard Wright telled of his first attempts at writing, and his acceptance as a writer.
 - 2. <u>Black boy</u> was made into a movie. Which I would like to sea.

- Day 1 1. After the Wall Street crash of October 1929 the economy needed help bad.
 - 2. Articles written about the economy at that time leave no doubt but that unemployment soared credit evaporated, and bankruptcies multiplied.
- Day 2 1. Franklin Delano Roosevelt won a landslide victory over Herbert Hoover in the 1932 presidential election.
 - 2. But all them elected to office faced a hard battle to rescue the economy.
- Day 3
 1. It don't seem so bad to us now, it was devastating to people then because more than 12,000,000 were out of work in the United States by 1932.
 - 2. Roosevelt's plan to rescue the economy was radical; that caused its success.
- Day 4 1. Many family's moved from the midwest to California before the depression ended in 1933.
 - 2. Some people did not welcome these newcomers but others applauded they're efforts to survive.

- Day 5 1. Life was brutal on the great Plains. Neither the farmers or the animals could find enough water or food to survive.
 - 2. Their was ravaged farms as far as the eye could see.

- Day 1 1. The Grapes of Wrath is generally considered to be John Steinbecks masterpiece the novel won the national book award and the Pulitzer prize.
 - 2. Bob wants to read The Grapes of Wrath so that he can learn alot about the 1930s from it.
- Day 2 1. "The Grapes of Wrath" established
 Steinbeck as one of the more highest regarded
 authors of his era.
 - 2. Us students also learned that Steinbeck was awarded the nobel prize for literature in 1962.
- Day 3 1. The novel caused an enormous social outcry. The novel describes how migrant workers were mistreated.
 - 2. Even critics who readers considered unshakeable were shocked by the up roar over what Steinbeck had written.
- Day 4 1. Steinbeck wanted to make the plight of the immigrant's personal, therefore, he chose to tell the story of one family the Joads.
 - 2. The Joads drove from Oklahoma to California. Wanted a fresh start in a new place.

- Day 5 1. Other migrant workers, described working in a Peach orchard to the Joads.
 - 2. Some orchards had less workers then others, but the Joads were unable to make enough money to survive.